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An analysis of the implementation of a public project management and importance for the local development

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- Management Institute (PMI), project management is the application of knowledge, skills, tools, and technologies to the activities in order to satisfy the requirements of a specific project.
- To satisfy the specific goals of the project, three fundamental factors must be defined for the management of the project:
 - Time: the limit for planning the sequence of activities,
 - Resources: both people, as members of the project team, as well as materials, such as tools or machines.
 - Cost: the use of financial resources over time.

Depending on the complexity, the projects are divided into:

- Investment projects,
- Non-investment projects
- Mixed projects.

In the case of the Public Administration, we mainly talk about large projects that are the object of investments.

Project managements concepts

- Project management can be viewed as a number of interlinked processes
- The project management process groups include:
 - Initiating processes
 - Planning processes
 - Executing processes
 - Monitoring and controlling processes
 - Closing processes

Project managements concepts

- Initiating processes - The organization recognizes that a new project exists – completion of a business case and project charter
- Planning processes - Completing the WBS and scope statement, project schedule and cost estimate
- Executing processes - Performing actions necessary to complete the work described in the planning activities
- Monitoring and controlling processes - Measuring progress toward the project objectives, monitoring deviation from the plan and taking corrective action to match progress with the plan
- Closing processes - Formal acceptance of the work and creation of closing documents

Project managements concepts

- The local public administration is one of the main beneficiaries of the financing from the Structural and Cohesion Funds, considering the opportunities created by Romania's accession to the European Union.

- Easy study: EXTENSION AND EQUIPMENT OF THE INTEGRATED OUTPATIENT OFFICE WITHIN THE CHRONIC DISEASES HOSPITAL SIRET, SUCEAVA COUNTY
- This case study provides an example of what's involved in initiating, planning, executing, controlling, and closing an project
- This case study provides a big picture view of managing a project

Analysis of the existing situation and identification of needs and deficiencies:

- Siret Chronic Diseases Hospital has an Integrated Outpatient Clinic.
- The population of Siret counts 9,712 inhabitants on July 1, 2017, increasing compared to 2011 when it amounted to only 7,976 inhabitants (INS address).
- The population increase registered in the last years puts pressure on the hospitals and outpatient clinics in the area because it also leads to the increase of the number of people who need treatment. Especially since we are talking about a population growth of almost 19%.

The main problems with care facing the integrated outpatient clinic in the city of Siret are:

- insufficient treatment capacity especially for physical recovery and balneology care fact led to the appearance of waiting lists;
- the range of medical services provided (including diagnostic capacity) is limited care of the fact causes patients to establish other changes located at a short distance from the sea Siret for diagnosis or treatment;
- the existing medical equipment in the endowment of the outpatient clinic is close to a maximum number of optimal functions (8 years according to the Romanian legislation) and from 2020 onwards it will be considerably worn out morally.

In order to solve the problems, action will be taken in the following directions:

- construction of a new building to increase the number of patients treated and increase the number of medical services offered;
- setting up new medical offices on an outpatient basis;
- significant improvement of the diagnostic capacity by purchasing specific devices;
- expanding the range of medical services offered in the field of physical recovery and balneology by building a saltwater pool, purchasing computerized physical recovery devices, purchasing equipment and endowments for physical recovery, etc.

- The sustainability of the project and the capacity to maintain the operation of the investment even after the cessation of the non-reimbursable financing source is very high, given the fact that the beneficiary of the investment is a public institution, the resources are provided by public funds. The financial analysis projections, the level of annual operating expenses and the level of resources, ensure an additional element of sustainability.
- By accessing the European funds within the administrative unit, major changes will be registered, which will benefit the local community at the level of the area in which it operates. Over time, the development of health services can have a lasting development effect, leading to a higher standard of living in the locality.

- Once implemented, the project will contribute to the development of the local community and in the area, to the increase of the level of medical services, as well as to the increase of the living standard of the community.
- D.p.d.v social this investment will define a hospital unit with an optimal environment for carrying out the medical act, offering both superior conditions of diagnosis and specific treatments of patients, as well as superior conditions of work of health and auxiliary staff.

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Thank you!

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